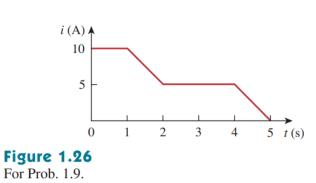
Problem 1.9

The current through an element is shown in Fig. 1.26. Determine the total charge that passed through the element at:

(a) t = 1 s (b) t = 3 s (c) t = 5 s



Solution

Current and charge are related by

$$i(t) = \frac{dq}{dt} \quad \rightarrow \quad q(t) = \int_0^t i(t) \, dt,$$

so the total charge is the area under the current-versus-time graph up until the given time.

(a) At
$$t = 1$$
: $q(t) = [10(1-0)] \text{ A} \cdot \text{s} = 10 \text{ C}$

(b) At
$$t = 3$$
: $q(t) = \left[10(1-0) + 5(2-1) + \frac{1}{2}(10-5)(2-1) + 5(3-2)\right] A \cdot s = 22.5 C$

(c) At
$$t = 5$$
: $q(t) = \left[10(1-0) + 5(2-1) + \frac{1}{2}(10-5)(2-1) + 5(4-2) + \frac{1}{2}5(5-4)\right] A \cdot s = 30 C$